

The figure consists of three maps of New Zealand, each showing the location and effects of a major earthquake. The maps are oriented with North at the top and include latitude and longitude markings.

- Wairarapa Earthquake (1855 January 23):**
 - Magnitude: 8.1 - 8.2 M
 - Epicentre: 41.4° S 174.5° E
 - Depth: ~25 km
 - Effects: Shaded areas indicate intensity levels, with Roman numerals (V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X) marking specific locations. A dashed line outlines the epicentral region. The location of Josephine Wells is marked.
- Hawke's Bay Earthquake (1931 February 02):**
 - Magnitude: 7.8 M
 - Epicentre: 39.3° S 177° E
 - Depth: 30 km
 - Effects: Shaded areas indicate intensity levels, with Roman numerals (III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII) marking specific locations. A dashed line outlines the epicentral region.
- Buller Earthquake (1929 June 16):**
 - Magnitude: 7.8 M
 - Epicentre: 41.7° S 172.2° E
 - Depth: 20 km
 - Effects: Shaded areas indicate intensity levels, with Roman numerals (V, VI, VII, VIII) marking specific locations. A dashed line outlines the epicentral region.

A note at the bottom right of the figure states: "Note: RF - km conversion".

Page 336, Second Column, under the heading “TSUNAMI AND SEISMIC SEICHE” the first paragraph should read:

Abnormal tidal movements in the Cook Strait area and the continuous ebbing and flowing of tides in Wellington Harbour for 8-12 hours following the main shock on January 23 1855 were widely reported in contemporary newspapers. Consequently the occurrence of the tsunami in Cook Strait, with waves up to 9-10 metres high in Palliser Bay, and the seiching of Wellington Harbour in response to the tsunami and the effect of differential uplift has been well known for a number of years. De Lange *et al.* (1986) include the event in their listing of tsunami known to have been experienced in New Zealand and the effects in Wellington Harbour have been modelled by Barnett *et al.* (1991). The data on the tsunami and seiching effects throughout New Zealand presented here are more extensive than were available to De Lange *et al.* or Barnett *et al.*